# THE PROCESS OF HISTORICAL INVESTIGATION

# Part A: Research

- 1. Create an Investigative Question
- 2. Seek Information from Primary and Secondary Sources

# Part B: Analyze Evidence

# STEPS 1-5: ANALYZING AN INDIVIDUAL SOURCE:

- 1. LITERAL SOURCE QUESTIONING
  What are the literal (observable, factual) aspects of the document?
- 2. LOOKING FOR POINT OF VIEW & PERSPECTIVE What is the point of view of the source?
- 3. LOOKING AT THE CONTEXT How did historical circumstances shape the source?
- 4. UNDERSTANDING THE SOURCE What does the source say, or show? What does that mean?
- 5. ASSESSING THE SIGNIFICANCE OF A SOURCE What can be learned from this piece of evidence?

# STEP 5: WORKING WITH MULTIPLE SOURCES

6. CORROBORATION

How do different pieces of evidence compare?

# Part C: Making an Interpretation

- 1. Construct an Explanation about History
- 2. Seek Peer Review



## THE PROCESS OF HISTORICAL INVESTIGATION

## Part A: Research

- 1. Create an Investigative Question
- Seek Information from Primary and Secondary Sources

## Part B: Analyze Evidence

### 1. LITERAL SOURCE QUESTIONING

- What type of document is this? (poetry, diary, government document)
- What is the setting? (time and place)
- Who wrote the document? Did the recorder have firsthand knowledge of the event? Or, did the recorder report what others saw and heard?
- Was the information recorded during the event, immediately after the event, or after some lapse of time?

#### 2. LOOKING FOR POINT OF VIEW & PERSPECTIVE

- What religion, sex, and social class is the author? What is the author's social position?
- What "loaded" words or strong descriptive words are used? (clues to perspective)
- What is the intent of the author? How might the author be biased?
- What is omitted?
- How credible is the source?
- Overall: What perspective or point of view on the topic is presented?

#### 3. LOOKING AT THE CONTEXT

- Who is the intended audience?
- What else is going on at this time that might have affected this source's content?
- What ideas were present in the predominant culture of the time?
- How might the context (previous questions in this step) have affected the content of the source?

#### 4. UNDERSTANDING THE SOURCE

- What does it say? What does it show?
- What is the main idea/argument/message?
- What evidence/details does the author provide?
- What meaning can you draw from the source? How would you summarize the main ideas?

### 5. ASSESSING THE SIGNIFICANCE OF A SOURCE

- What can we learn from the point of view of the source?
- What does this source reveal about the time/place?
- What questions does the source answer about my topic or the leading question?
- What questions are left unanswered?

### 6. CORROBORATION

- Are there other sources to support or disagree with this source?
- What's the same? What's different? What are the reasons for the similarities and differences?
- Do sources acknowledge counter evidence?
- Was anything omitted?

### Part C: Making an Interpretation

- 1. Construct an Explanation about History
  - Rank evidence: Which sources will I choose to help me with my topic or leading question? Why?
  - How many pieces of evidence do I need?
  - How will I create an answer to my question that incorporates and accounts for conflicting evidence?

#### 2. Seek Peer Review

- Is my explanation convincing?
- Does my explanation have support from several pieces of evidence?
- Does my explanation reflect the multiple perspectives of the event or era?
- Is my explanation clearly written or demonstrated in my final product?

